

**TANZANIA**  
**OUTSTANDING PRIORITY SPS ACTION AREAS**

<b>Title of action</b>	<b>Background</b>	<b>Specific details to be covered</b>	<b>Timeline</b>
Improve pest surveillance and monitoring system, tackle pest problems and assist SPS compliance by smallholders	Horticulture sector has growth potential but is hampered by number of constraints including shortcomings in surveillance and monitoring, and plant pest situation, notably fruit fly. Other challenges relate to pesticide registration and integration of smallholders into supply chains (following Kenyan model) through specific programmes.		
Address disease problems limiting export of livestock, meat and dairy products through public-private investment programme	Animal health status is primary constraint but actions to address disease situation depend greatly on capability of national veterinary services. Results of forthcoming OIE evaluation should be used to identify more specific actions. Further constraints relate to shortcomings in animal disease monitoring and management system, poor hygienic conditions in slaughterhouses and processing plants, low quality of animal feed, etc.		

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Maintain SPS compliance in inland fisheries sector and develop aquaculture	Sector going through rationalization phase. Challenge is to keep up with evolving EU requirements and implement recommendations of latest FVO report (2006). Concerns exist over sustainability of fisheries in Lake Victoria. Outstanding constraints relate to continuing capacity building, investment in infrastructure (boats, landing sites), and high transport costs. Growth potential for coastal fisheries and aquaculture (notably Zanzibar)		
Provide food safety training in tourism sector and integrate local suppliers	Baseline evaluation outlining the status in terms of current practices and management systems, hotel/restaurant inspection, and needs for training and technical assistance. Strengthen backward linkages through development of "quality vendor" programme on pilot basis linking local fresh producers with hotels/restaurants/ supermarkets.		

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Organize awareness raising and training activities on good practice and SPS compliance, amongst others through trade associations	Awareness of basic food safety, animal and plant health issues is still limited at all levels (farmers, processors, street vendors, consumers) - with exception of export fisheries – and needs to be improved		
Establish national SPS Council	Establishment of national level coordination mechanism involving all key relevant stakeholders to better mainstream SPS into broader Government planning and budgetary frameworks and into supply chains, remove overlapping mandates, make better use of limited resources, and generally raise the profile of SPS issues nationally		