Organisation Mondiale de la Santé Animale

World Organisation for Animal Health

Organización Mundial de Sanidad Animal

Capacity-building Tools and Activities of the OIE

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Content

WTO – STDF framework

Background to OIE capacity building work.

PVS related activities

Other OIE initiatives

OIE capacity building activities

- WTO-STDF framework

  – OIE a founding member

- Collaboration with key partner organizations

- Sharing information and expertise

- Linkage with SPS Committee.

FAO/OIE
GF-TADs
GLOBAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE
PROGRESSIVE CONTROL OF
TRANSBOUNDARY ANIMAL DISEASES

OIE / FAO - COMPLEMENTARITIES and SYNERGIES   May 2008

	OIE	FAO
Animal Health Standards and Guidelines setting and Adoption	Standards and Guidelines Setting	
Good Farming Practices Guidelines and Strategies		Good Farming Practices & Strategies
Animal Disease Information and Intelligence	Official Disease Information	
	Disease Tracking	
		Disease intelligence
Expertise on Animal Health worldwide	Expertise	
Expertise for Development Programs on Animal Health		Expertise for Development Programs on Animal Health
Animal Health Publications	Technical and Scientific Publications	
Capacity Building Programs on Animal Health on standards and guidelines implementation	Global	
	Regional	
		National
Development programs on Animal Health		Global
		Regional
		National

Relevant STDF projects

- **STDF 13:** Strategy for selected African regions to comply with international standards in international trade of livestock and products

- **STDF 14:** OIE-PVS Tool

- **STDF 15:** Train the Trainers

- **STDF 105:** Compartmentalisation in Poultry in Brazil (STDF 265)

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OIE policy on capacity building

- Overarching objective is to help Members to meet their OIE obligations

- Focus is on good governance to support disease prevention/ reporting; development/application of standards

- Nomination of focal points (FP) under the authority of the national Delegate:

  - animal welfare, animal production food safety, aquatic animals, veterinary products, disease reporting, wildlife.

World Animal Health and Welfare Fund

Resolution XVII OIE (2004)

« For the purpose of projects of international public utility related to the control of animal diseases, including those affecting humans and the promotion of animal welfare and animal production food safety »

Good governance of animal health & welfare mechanisms

Funding of OIE capacity building

The OIE programme for strengthening good governance of Veterinary Services is supported and co-funded through the OIE World Fund by:

Australia (AusAID), Canada (CIDA), France, Switzerland, UK, US (USDA), World Bank & European Commission (e.g. EC funded BTSF in Africa).

Veterinary Services: a Global Public Good

Benefits for all countries / all generations

- Under 'One world, One health concept' : partnership between animal and public health

- Beneficial effects for:

  - poverty alleviation: securing assets, increasing productivity, food security

  - market access: local, regional and international

  - public health: food safety and food security

Good Governance of VS

All countries need appropriate legislation and efficient implementation through national VS for:

- early detection, transparency, notification

- rapid response to animal disease outbreaks

- biosecurity

- compensation

- vaccination (when appropriate)

- education and research

Africa

Bamako, Mali

Gaborone, Botswana
Tunis, Tunisia
Eastern Africa (2009?)

Americas

Buenos Aires, Argentina

Panama City, Panama

Asia, Far East and Oceania

Tokyo, Japan

Regional coordination Unit for the Southeast Asia FMD Campaign → *Bangkok, Thailand*

Beijing, China?

Europe

Sofia, Bulgaria

Brussels, Belgium

Middle East

Beirut, Lebanon

OIE capacity building activities

- A focus of OIE regional and sub-regional offices

    – regionally adapted services for OIE Members

    – objectives & strategies for some key topics

    – progress in disease management/eradication at regional level

    – trade facilitating tools in regions (eg disease certification, regional disease eradication)

    – continental / regional workshops and seminars.

Regional training programmes

- Delegates and focal points (30% turnover p.a.)

- Training of new OIE Delegates (rights and obligations),

- Good Governance of Veterinary Services

- Focal points:

  WAHIS, animal production food safety; veterinary products, wildlife, aquatic animals, animal welfare,

- Communication,

- Laboratory capacity,

- Public / private sector alliances,

- SPS/WTO Agreement (with WTO & other ISSOs)

OIE PVS TOOL

OIE Tool for the Evaluation of Performance of Veterinary Services

IV-6 Traceability	Levels of advancement
The authority and capability of the VS to identify animals and animal products under their mandate and trace their history, location and distribution.	1. The VS do not have the capability to identify animals or animal products.
	2. The VS can document the history of some animals and animal products.
	3. The VS have procedures in place to identify and trace selected animals and animal products as required for disease control and food safety purposes, in accordance with relevant international standards.
	4. The VS and their stakeholders have coordinated national procedures in place that can identify and trace animals and animal products as required for disease control and food safety purposes.
	5. The VS, in cooperation with their stakeholders, carry out audits of their traceability procedures.

Terrestrial Code reference(s):

Chapter 4.1.General principles on identification and traceability of live animals

Chapter 4.2.Design and implementation of identification systems …

Use of the OIE-PVS Tool

Major donors have accepted the use of the OIE PVS Tool and the Code criteria in evaluating performance and identifying priorities of VS as a prerequisite and a guide in helping countries request investment.

Self evaluation performed by internal and/or OIE experts, for assessing the performance of VS

An evaluation relevant to **bilateral negotiations**: performed at the request of either trading partner, by mutual agreement

PVS Evaluation Missions – as at 18/05/2009

REGION	Official requests from countries	Missions completed	Gap analysis requests
AFRICA	40	36	19
AMERICAS	17	16	2
ASIA/ PACIFIC	13	12	3
EUROPE	12	12	3
MIDDLE EAST	12	9	2
TOTAL	94	85	29

Africa (40): Algeria, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Chad, Côte D'Ivoire, Congo (DR), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia (non OIE member), Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Americas (17): Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guyana, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru and Uruguay.

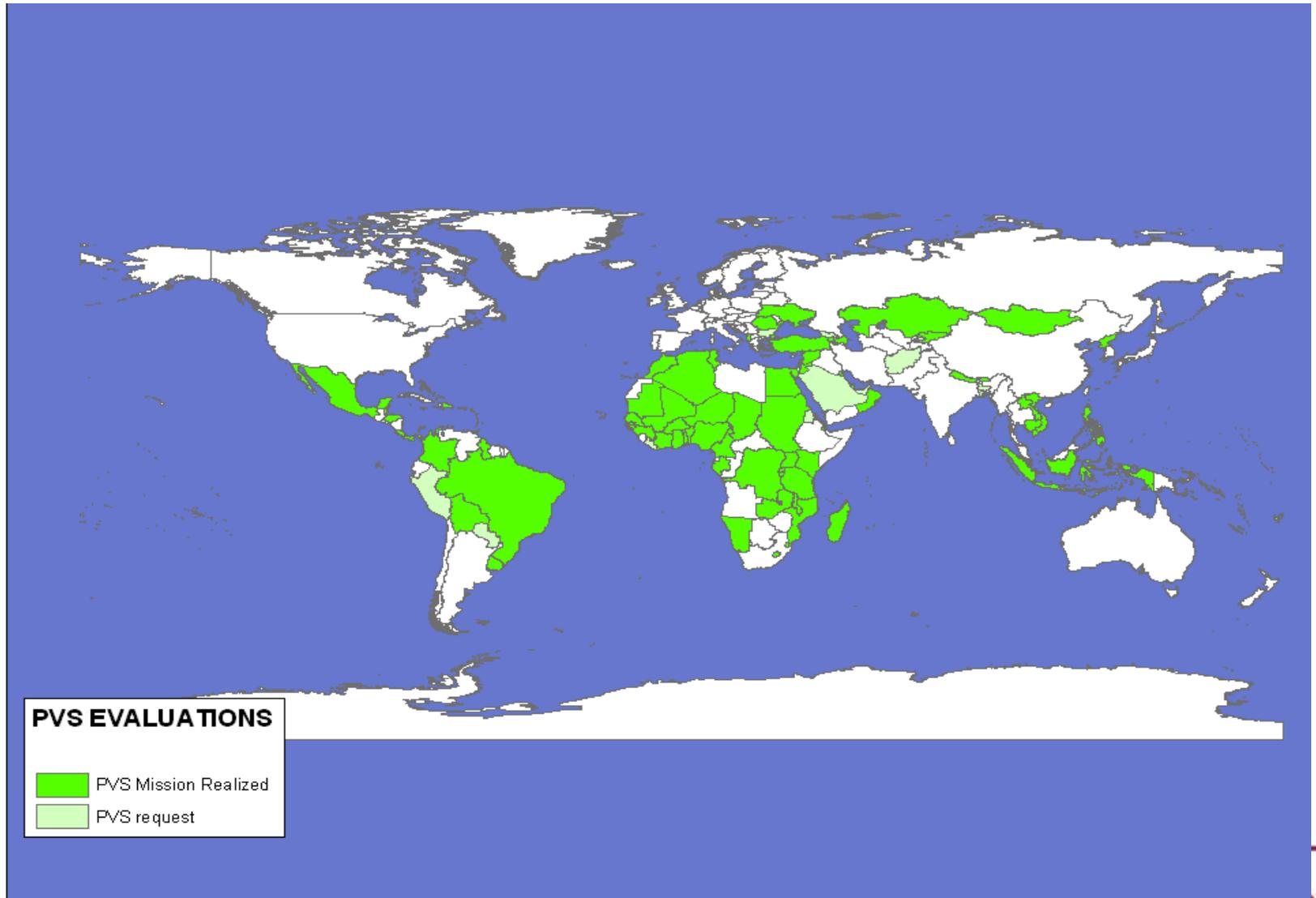**Asia/Pacific (13):** Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Cambodia, Fiji, Indonesia, Korea (DPR), Laos, Mongolia, Nepal, Philippines, Sri Lanka and Vietnam.

Europe (12): Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Turkey, Tajikistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan
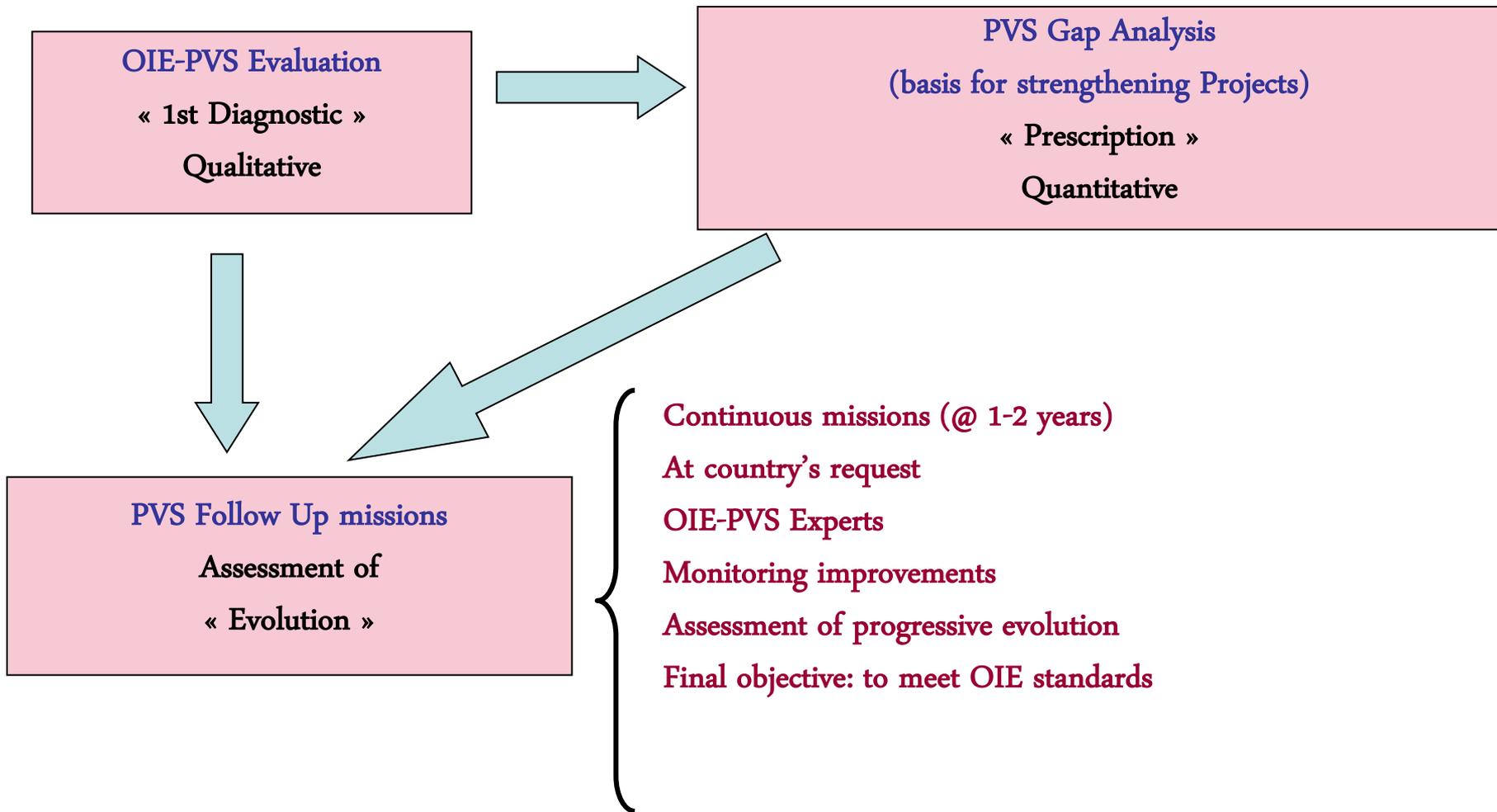
Middle-East (12): Afghanistan, Bahrain, Jordan, Lebanon, Kuwait, Oman, Palestinian National Authority (non OIE member), Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, United Arab Emirates and Yemen.

In black: Completed missions

PVS EVALUATIONS: 79 Missions realized
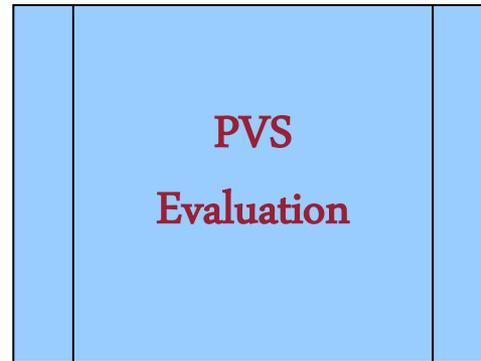## (17 March 2009)

OIE-PVS Follow up missions

OIE-PVS Evaluation

« 1st Diagnostic »

Qualitative

PVS Gap Analysis

(basis for strengthening Projects)

« Prescription »

Quantitative

PVS Follow Up missions

Assessment of

« Evolution »

Continuous missions (@ 1-2 years)

At country's request

OIE-PVS Experts

Monitoring improvements

Assessment of progressive evolution

Final objective: to meet OIE standards

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PVS Gap Analysis process

- Shift from a qualitative to a quantitative assessment of needs and priorities

- Identification of the gaps + definition of needed activities to correct the gaps + prioritization of activities to be undertaken + quantification of required means

- National priorities: organization of public veterinary services, livestock sector and sub-sector development priorities and strategies.
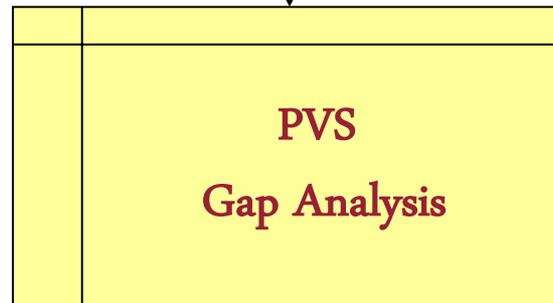
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PVS Gap Analysis process

PVS Evaluation

Qualitative evaluation of the situation based on 40 critical competencies

Specific Objectives of the Country

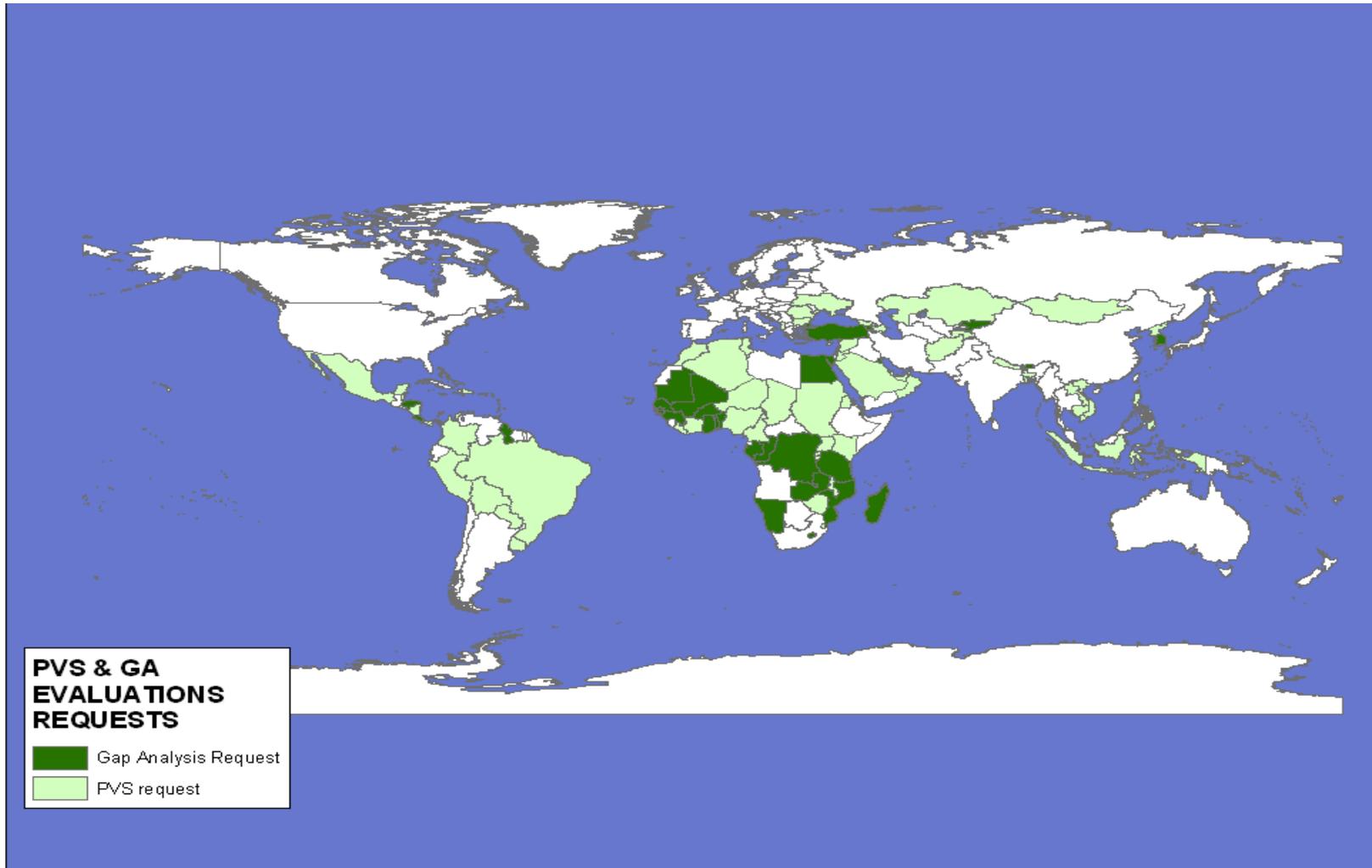**Prioritization of the critical competencies and of related gaps**

PVS Gap Analysis

PVS Gap Analysis

- Gap identification and **PVS Gap Analysis**

    National use: self improvement and budget applications (Ministry of Finance; Parliament)

    External use: financial support (Donors' investment programmes) if needed

- **PVS Gap Analysis field visits**

    Dialogue with the country

    Country appropriation/internal consultations

    Validation of choices and priorities with the country concerned

PVS Gap Analysis

State of play – 18/05/2009

OIE - PVS follow up steps

Other good governance tools:

- PVS follow-up missions

- Legislation missions and generic models

- National workshops

  - to raise awareness of OIE delegates / focal points, private sector and policy makers.

Veterinary legislation initiative

- Country request <u>after a PVS</u>
- Analysis of the situation
- Evaluation of organisational and functional requirements
- Proposal for a structural framework
- Support agreement
- In no case acting in place of the State

Veterinary legislation initiative

- ## Specific PVS indicators
  - **IV-1 Preparation of legislation and regulations, and implementation of regulations**
  - **IV-2 Stakeholder compliance with legislation and regulations**

- ## OIE Guidelines on Veterinary Legislation

- ## New Code text for 2010.

Veterinary legislation initiative

19 OIE Members have requested support for strengthening veterinary legislation :

- 11 in Africa, 4 in Asia/Pacific and 3 in Middle East

- OIE has already provided or will soon provide technical assistance on veterinary legislation to 14 countries.

OIE Twinning Initiative (1)

Link between OIE Reference laboratory or Collaborating Centre (parent) and national laboratory (candidate).

Help to build a national veterinary scientific community in developing countries

– participation of scientists and experts of developing countries (with financial support of the EC).
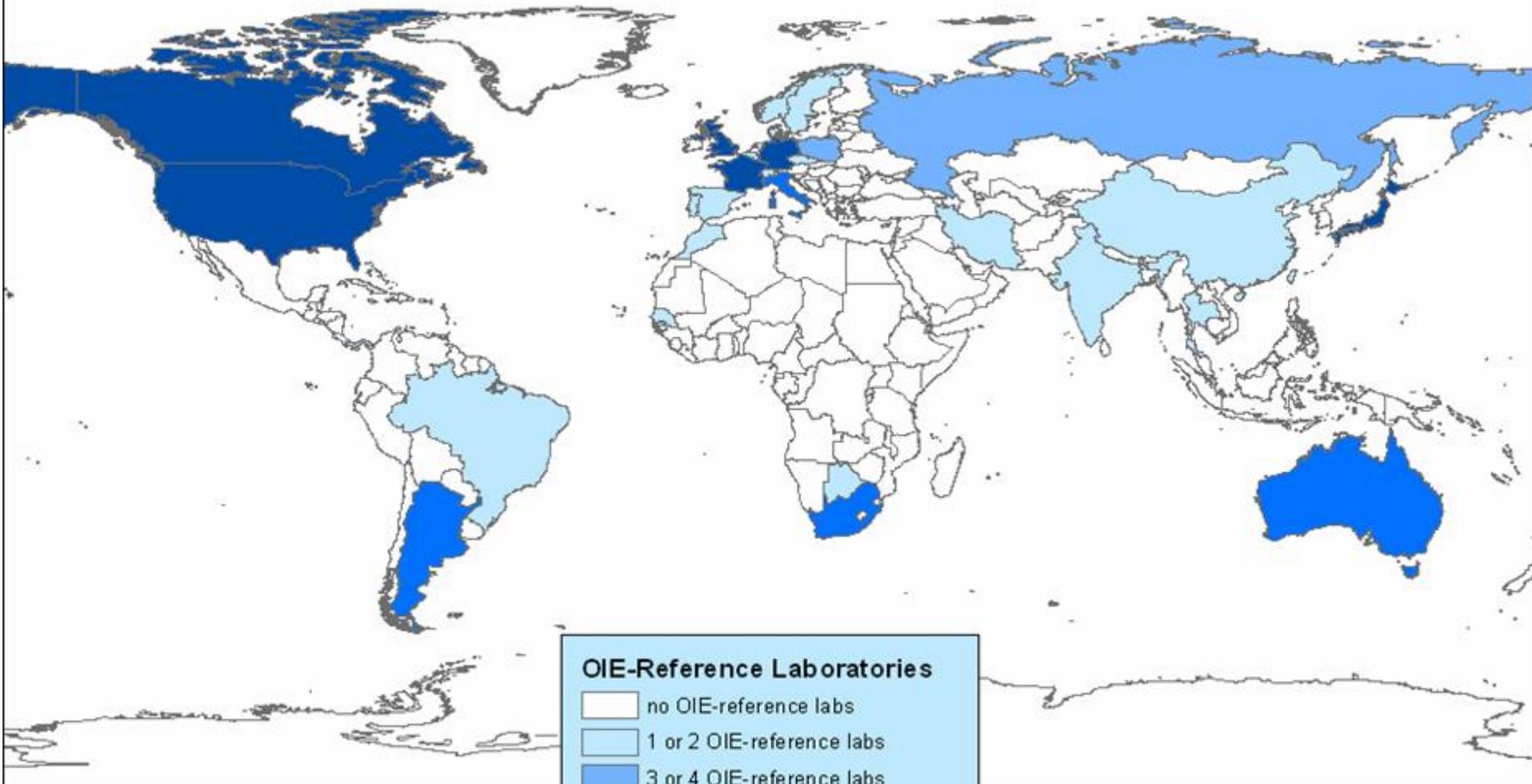
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OIE Twinning Initiative (2)

Better global geographical coverage

Regional support

Improved access for more countries (focus on developing and transition countries) to diagnostics and expertise and to participate in standard setting process.

World Distribution of the OIE-Reference Laboratories

OIE-Reference Laboratories

- no OIE-reference labs
- 1 or 2 OIE-reference labs
- 3 or 4 OIE-reference labs
- 5 to 10 OIE-reference labs
- more than 11 OIE-reference labs

✓ **177 OIE Ref. Labs.,**
✓ **32 Countries,**
✓ **95 Diseases,**
✓ **154 experts,**

List of OIE Reference Laboratories
http://www.oie.int/eng/OIE/organisation/en_listeLR.htm

OIE Twinning projects

Italy - Russia; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
UK - China; CSF and rabies
Italy - Eritrea; brucellosis
Italy - Cuba; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
Italy - Cuba; epidemiology
UK - South Africa; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
Germany - Egypt; Avian influenza and Newcastle disease   l
Italy - Botswana; CBPP
USA - Brazil; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
UK - Turkey; brucellosis
UK - Morocco; bluetongue and African horse sickness
UK - Botswana; avian influenza and Newcastle disease
Germany -Turkey; rabies

Several other project proposals are in the process of being approved

Useful information on website

OIE PVS Tool

http://www.oie.int/eng/oie/organisation/EN_OIE%20PVS%20Tool_2008.pdf

Status of OIE PVS missions

http://www.oie.int/eng/oie/organisation/en_status_of_OIE%20PVS%20Missions.htm?e1d2

OIE PVS evaluation reports

http://www.oie.int/eng/oie/organisation/en_oie_pvs_eval_reports.htm?e1d2

Useful information on website

Studies on cost benefit analysis

http://www.oie.int/eng/OIE-WB_Conference_1007/en_Global_Animal_Health_Initiative.htm

OIE Twinning Initiative

http://www.oie.int/downld/LABREF/A_Concept.pdf

Thank you for your attention

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