



USE OF MULTICRITERIA DECISION ANALYSIS TOOL FOR RANKING OF SANITARY AND PHYTOSANITARY (SPS) CAPACITY-BUILDING OPTIONS IN UGANDA

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What drives SPS agenda in Uganda

- ▶ Need for trade diversification/expand agric–food trade
 - Traditional exports (coffee, tea, cotton)

 - Non-traditional exports (horticulture, fish/fishery products, diary products etc)
 - Liberalization Policy (Private Sector)
 - Public sector  Regulator (Laws and Regulations)
 - National Trade strategic Plans
 - Development Strategy and Investment plan/National Development Plan



Sanitary and phytosanitary capacity framework in Uganda

- ▶ SPS Policy (*To transform Uganda into one of the world's leading producer, consumer and trader of safe and quality animal and crop products on a sustainable basis*)
- ▶ *Implementation Plan (2011/12–2014/2015)*
- ▶ SPS Coordination Committee
- ▶ Scanty laboratory infrastructure (Fisheries, pesticide residue testing (just a structure))
- ▶ Staffing structures
- ▶ Risk analysis (COPE)
- ▶ Basic training in SPS information exchange (SPS NEP)
- ▶ OIE contact points, IPPC contact point, Codex Contact point
- ▶ Basic legislations (Bills)



Relative performance of SPS sensitive trade – net trade balance

| Exports at HS 2 figure level | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | Average 2002 2010 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|
| 01 Live animals | -362174 | -1042163 | -453343 | -716439 | -404650 | 849603 | 865304 | 2883877 | 1638716 | 362081 |
| 02 Meat and edible meat offal | -120763 | 2740 | 368821 | 748559 | 431103 | 154832 | 90814 | -33458 | 923751 | 285155 |
| 03 Fish, crustaceans, molluscs, aquatic invertebrates, nes | 85755623 | 84002467 | 99555228 | 138323597 | 140455720 | 117119823 | 118291873 | 108586333 | 127740106 | 113314530 |
| 04 Dairy products, eggs, honey, edible animal product, nes | -2365387 | -2034426 | -1785507 | -1682423 | -2820691 | -4806307 | -592031 | 2992153 | 12136743 | -106431 |
| 06 Live trees, plants, bulbs, roots, cut flowers etc | 18257370 | 23889281 | 29766626 | 34330743 | 31422481 | 34770450 | 42109787 | 47317014 | 45763818 | 34180841 |
| 07 Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers | 2202860 | 1790515 | -3602508 | -7169108 | 3714812 | 1184792 | 14071275 | 17884633 | 12823575 | 4766761 |
| 08 Edible fruit, nuts, peel of citrus fruit, melons | 655467 | 87380 | 1158776 | 1130105 | 455505 | 1225306 | 4160198 | -1413327 | -1742637 | 635197 |
| 09 Coffee, tea, mate and spices | 134146431 | 149110139 | 167154651 | 212593679 | 243403449 | 317607809 | 450968075 | 343370362 | 354959703 | 263701589 |
| 10 Cereals | -49393076 | -77140457 | -97119576 | -109505682 | -120306188 | -120214491 | -125451393 | -143552025 | -113349305 | -106225799 |
| 12 Oil seed, oleagious fruits, grain, seed, fruit, etc, nes | 265836 | -7082780 | -3267270 | -8001407 | -3678738 | -680441 | 9967361 | -16283954 | -8653331 | -4157192 |
| 15 Animal, vegetable fats and oils, cleavage products, etc | -33490405 | -52326172 | -56299163 | -58407274 | -65504519 | -53844960 | -163146927 | -82391861 | -134109870 | -77724572 |
| 16 Meat, fish and seafood food preparations, nes | -335502 | -894769 | -175167 | -191787 | -638740 | -989892 | -48025 | -747604 | -566048 | -509726 |

How to identify capacity building needs

(BEFORE MCDA TOOL)

- ▶ Strengthening Phytosanitary Controls in the floriculture sector (Multiple Criteria)= STDF
 - Demand for capacity building– Frequent interceptions
 - PCE tool– Phytosanitary capacity gaps
 - Vulnerable groups (Women+Children)
 - Possibility of maintaining the employment (Wealth creation)
 - Loss in export values
 - Foreign exchange earnings expected to increase/maintained
 - Poverty reduction
 - Net gains to the economy



Criteria for choosing SPS capacity building

- ▶ Trade diversification (value addition)
 - ▶ Growth in exports– market access
 - ▶ Impact on vulnerable groups (women, children)
 - ▶ Protection of the environment
 - ▶ Increased Agriculture/Animal productivity
 - ▶ Poverty reduction
 - ▶ Impact on domestic public health
 - ▶ Impact on foreign exchange
 - ▶ Impact on employment
- ▶ ALL THESE INFORM FORM THE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA OF UGANDA



Decision Criteria

Weights and Criteria of SPS capacity building options

| | Average |
|--|---------|
| Up front investment | 10.9 |
| On going costs | 10.0 |
| Trade impact [Market Access] | 12.5 |
| Trade diversification impact [value addition] | 9.4 |
| Impact on domestic agricultural/fisheries productivity | 14.5 |
| Impact on domestic public health | 8.7 |
| Impact on local environmental protection | 8.2 |
| Impact on poverty | 15.0 |
| Impact on vulnerable groups | 9.1 |
| Impact on foreign exchange earnings | 0.2 |
| Impact on employment | 1.3 |

Identified capacity-building options (1)

Option 1. Pesticide testing laboratory

Option 2. Maize GAP's

Option 3. Meat exports within the region

Option 4. Meat exports from a FMD free
compartments

Option 5. Awareness on pesticide use (avoiding
contamination of pesticides in the food



Identified capacity-building options (2)

- ▶ Option 6. Dairy exports compliance with COMESA standards
- ▶ Option 7. Fish; traceability systems and capacity building
- ▶ Option 8. Cold storage – disinfestations of insect pests
- ▶ Option 9. Certification of agro input providers and suppliers
- ▶ Option 10. Pest status of bananas with respect to *Bactrocera invadens*



Identified capacity-building options (3)

Option 11. Biological control of *Bactrocera*
invadens

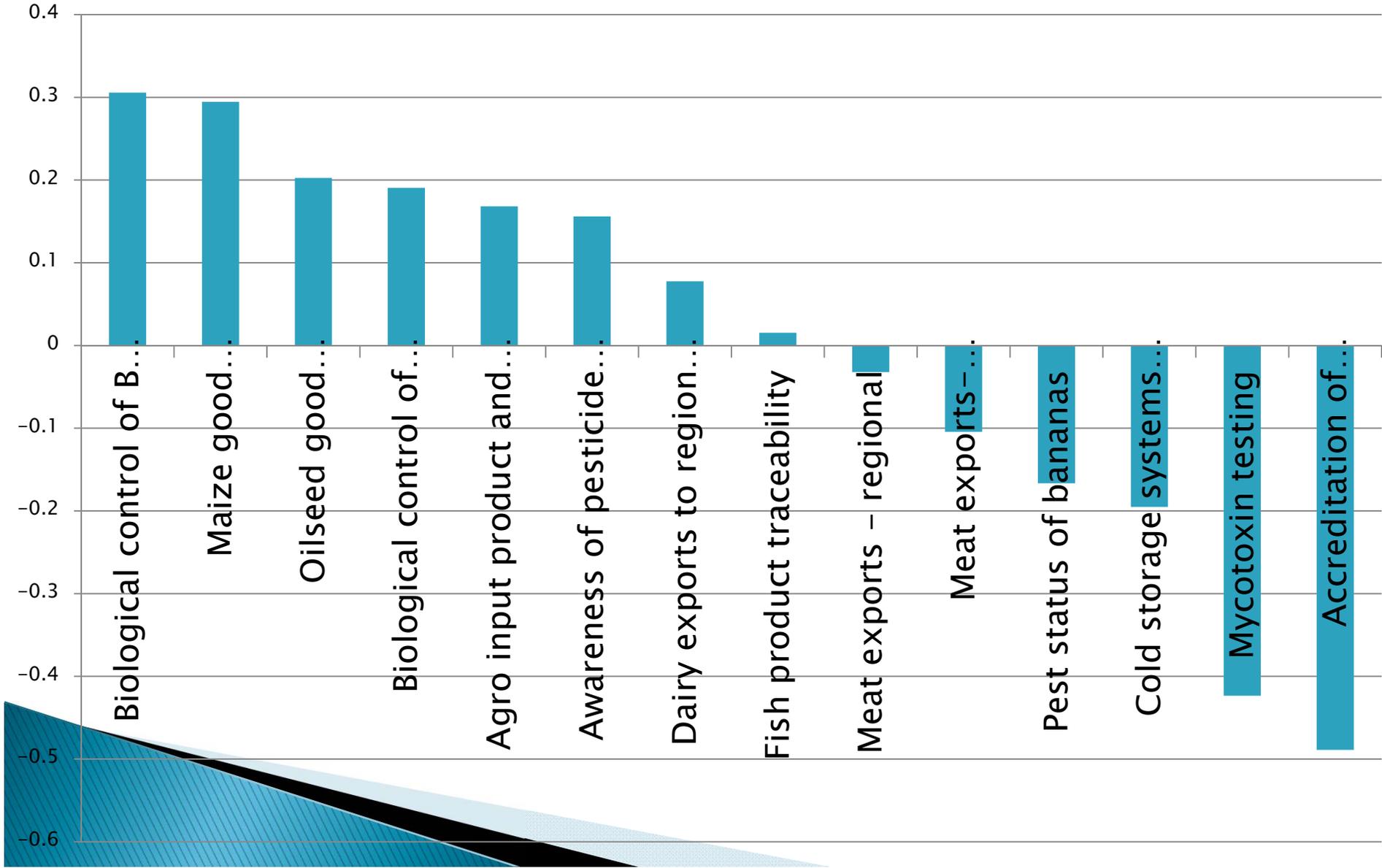
Option 12. Aflatoxin controls for groundnuts and
maize

Option 13; Mycotoxin testing capacity

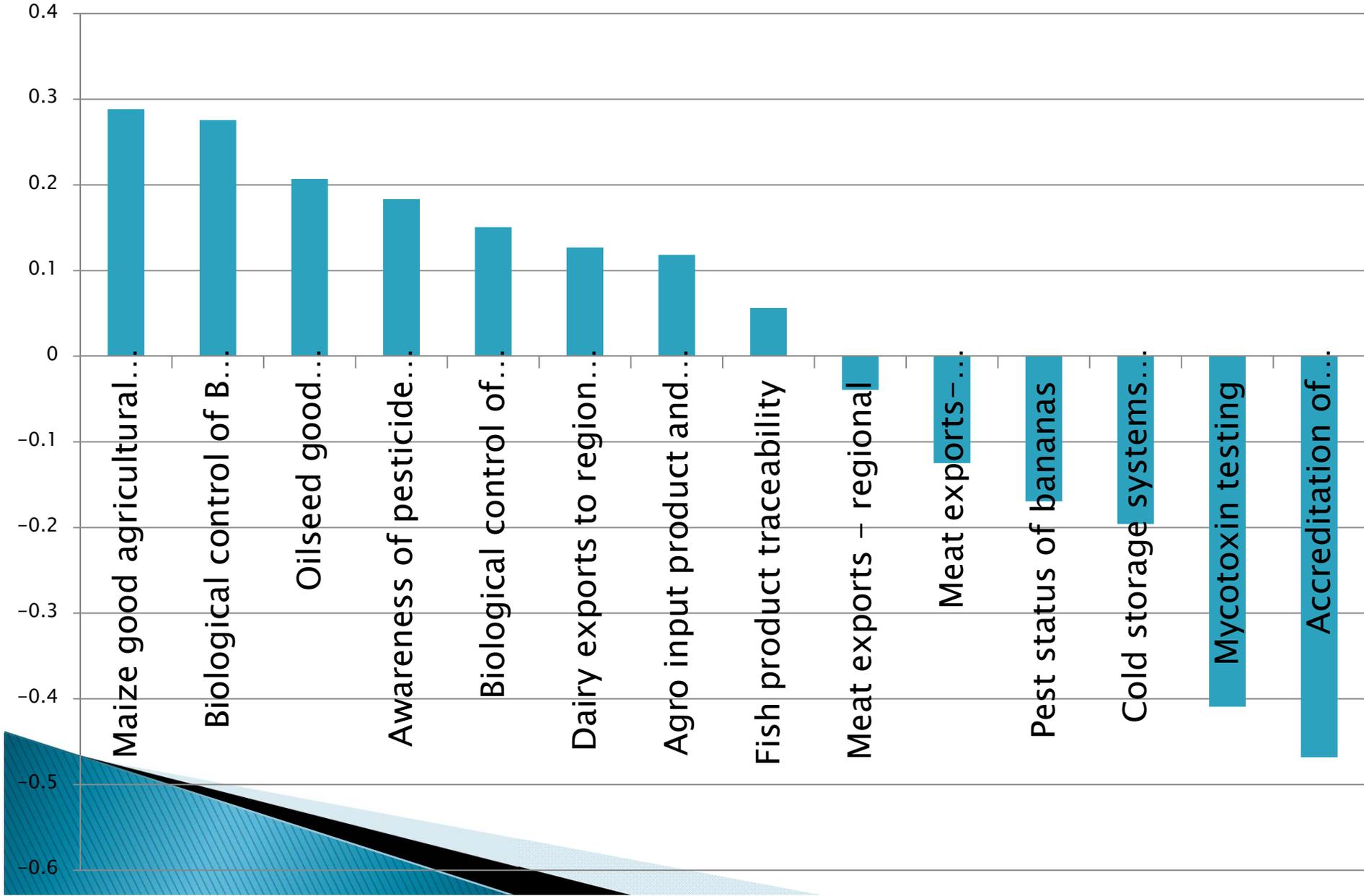
Option 14. GAP's for oil seed producers and good
storage practices



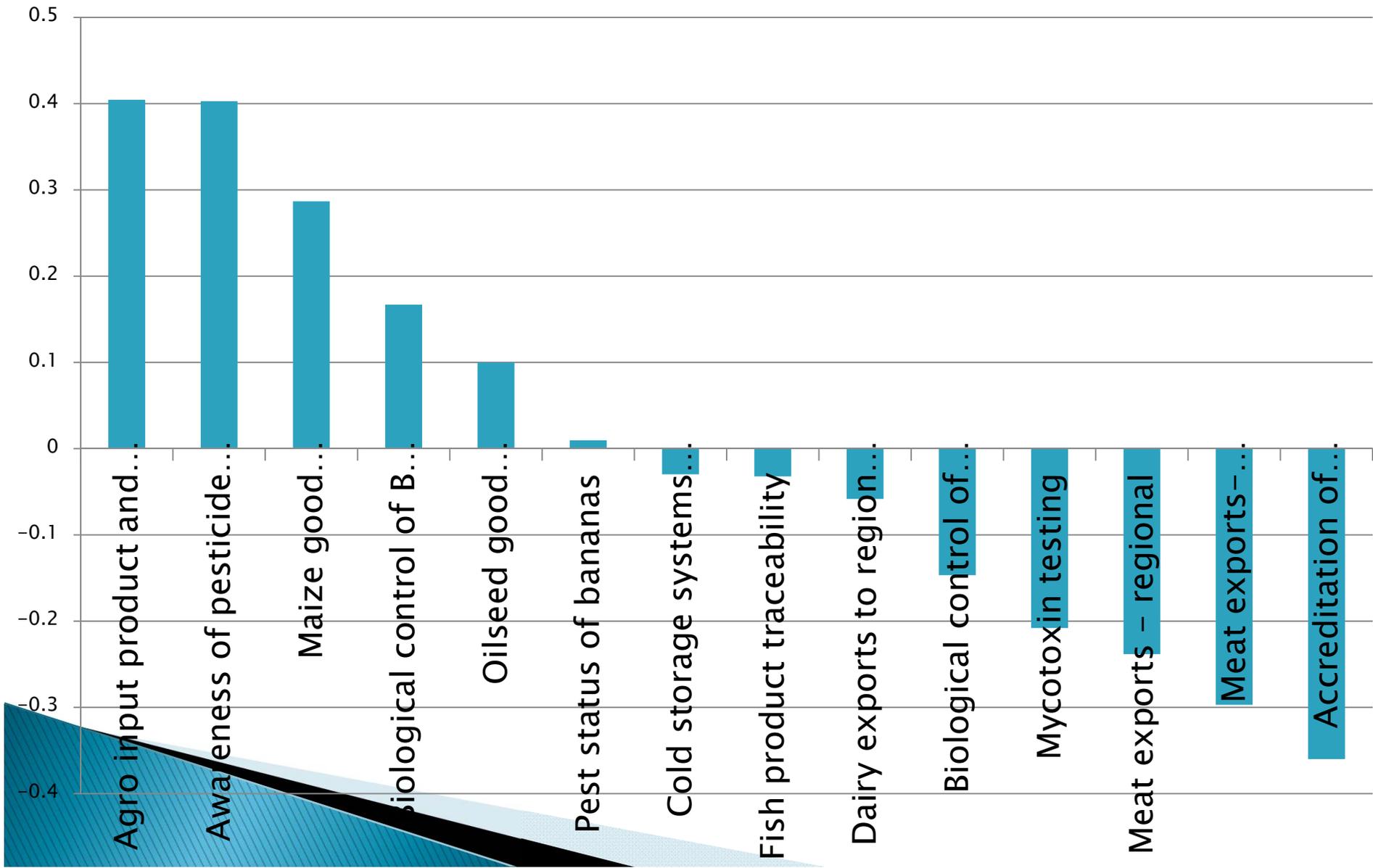
Baseline model: Uganda



Equal weights prioritization: Uganda



Trade impact prioritization: Uganda



On going activities

1. Full consultation with other stakeholders to;
 - Review data and ensure accuracy
 - Include other possible options
2. Carry out sensitivity analysis
 - First iteration of analysis
 - Finalization of training of local task team



Ongoing activities

1. Draw up projects based on selected capacity building options
2. Carry out further iterations of analysis to feed into other programs including DSIP and as the Integrated Framework (IF)





Thank you for your attention »»